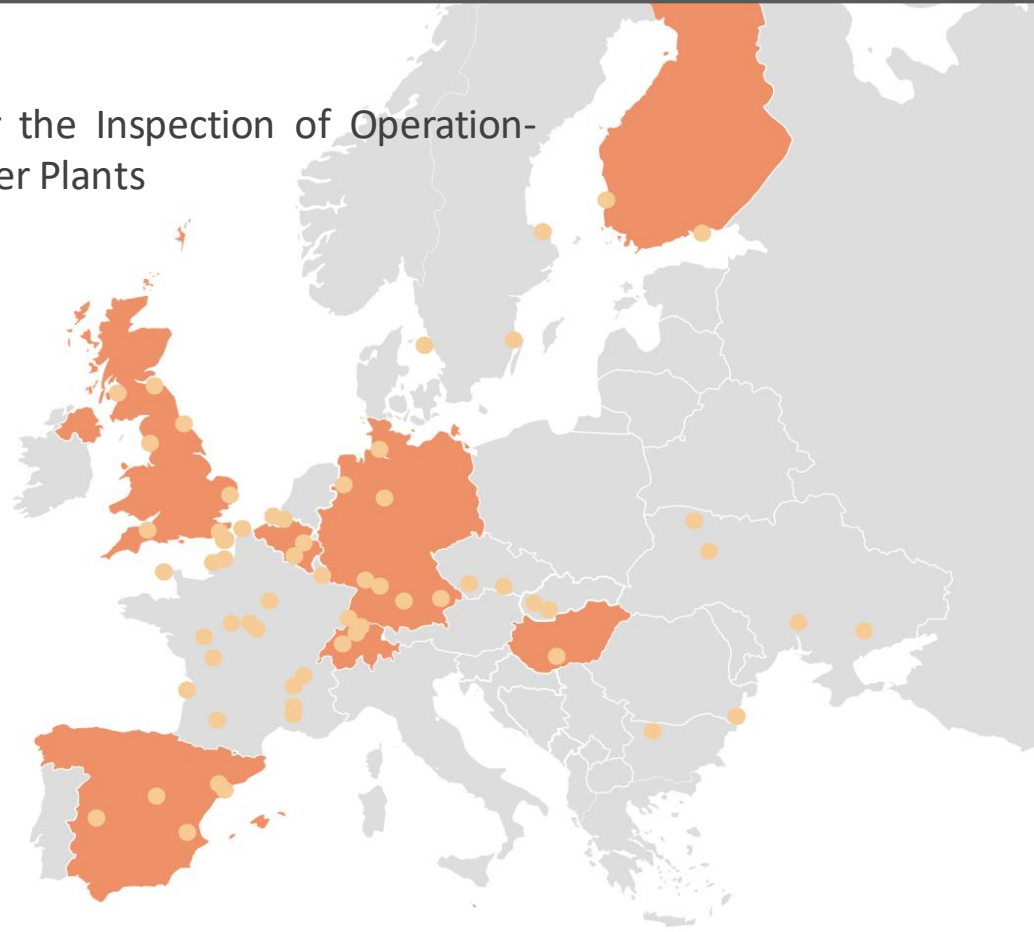
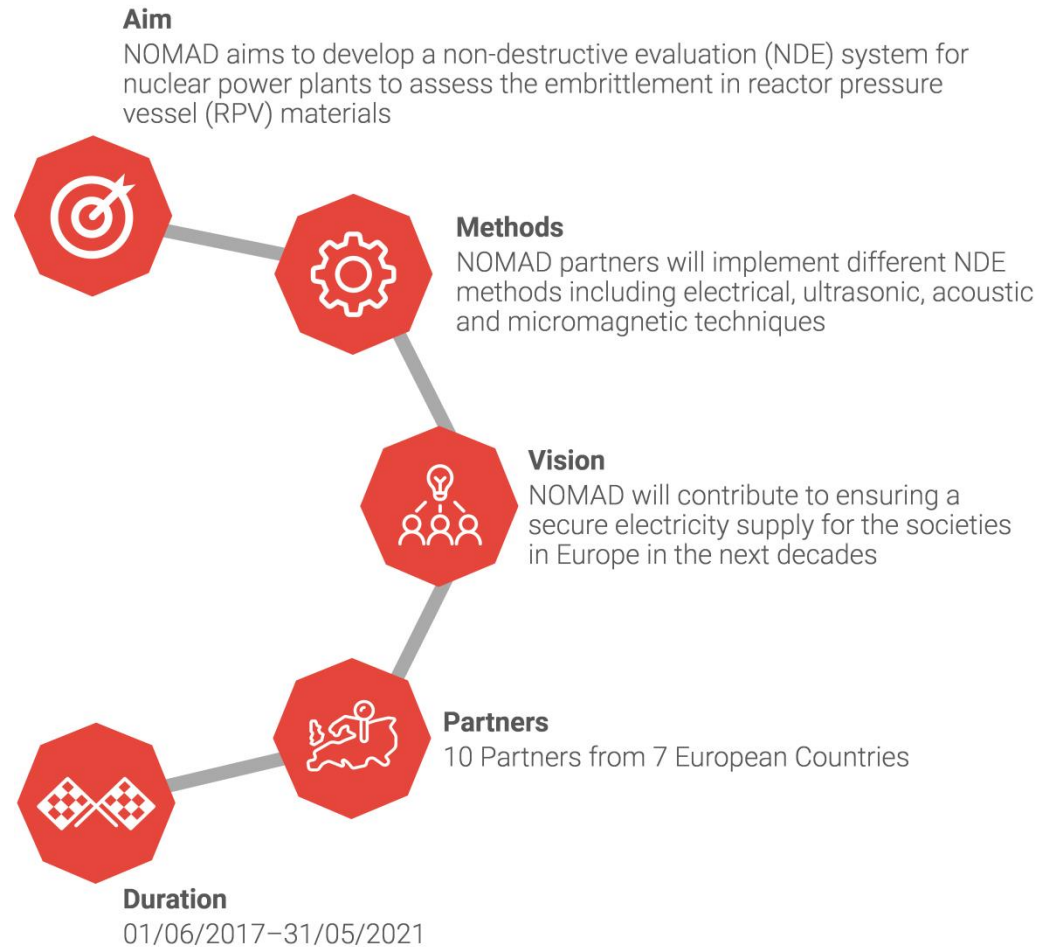




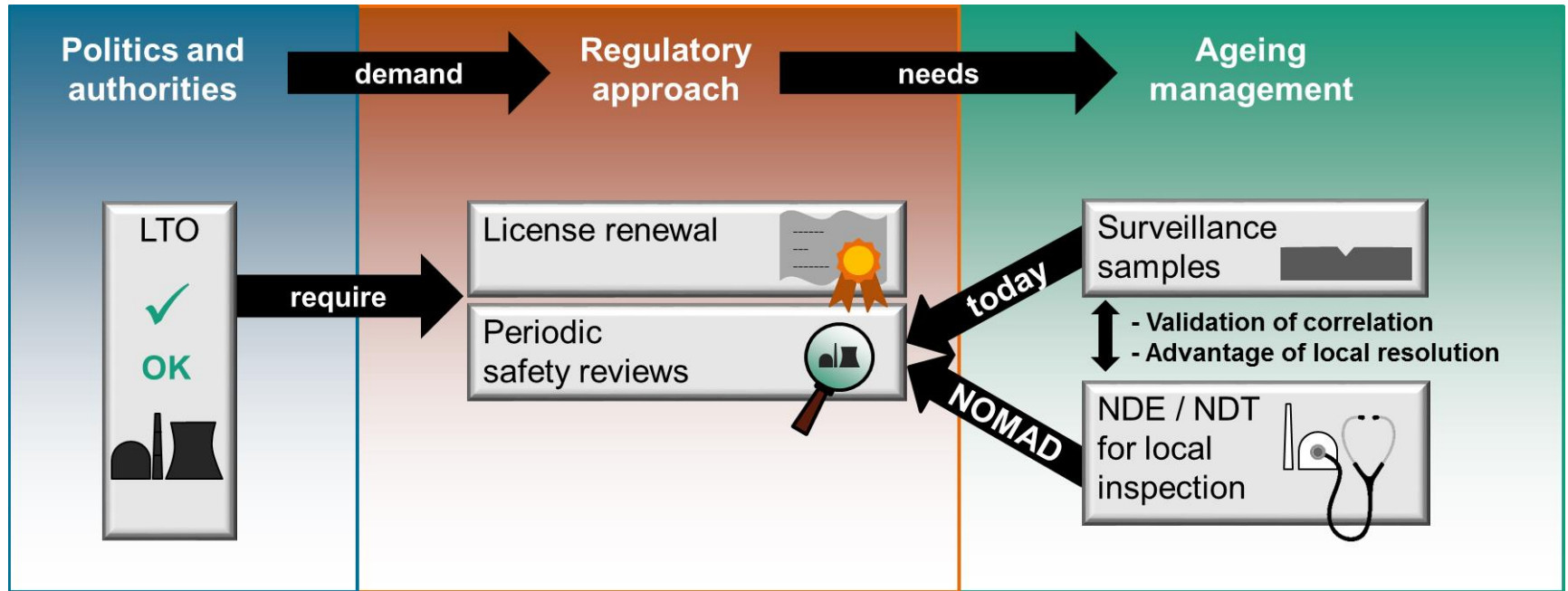
Nondestructive Evaluation (NDE) System for the Inspection of Operation-Induced Material Degradation in Nuclear Power Plants



The project at a glance



- (1) Motivation
- (2) Goal / Idea / Vision
- (3) Concept
- (4) Impact & Innovation
- (5) Implementation
- (6) Consortium
- (7) Cooperation



Are data obtained by surveillance programs representative for the real state of the vessel taking into account material heterogeneities?



Relation to EURATOM call NFRP-01: Improved safety design and operation of fission reactors

Overall goal

- Demonstrate a hybrid (multi-method) NDE approach that can quantify material degradation (in terms of DBTT etc.) by measuring through cladding under field conditions.

Idea

- Identify a common, material-independent trend in NDE data of multiple methods as a function of degradation
- Use the fact that part of the RPV is not degraded since radiation is low to recalibrate (zero-offset) the NDE hybrid approach

Vision

- Use the difference between degraded and non-degraded condition of cladded material as degradation quantifier

Development of an NDE system for the inspection of operation-induced material degradation in clad RPV material containing possible microstructure heterogeneities (macro-segregated regions, voids, hydrogen flakes, etc.)

- Apply different NDE methods to test their capacity to evaluate the degradation
- Identify correlations between mechanical, microstructural and NDE parameters regarding degradation due to neutron irradiation on laboratory samples including quantification of reliability and uncertainty
- Extend database of neutron-irradiated materials and add NDE results
- Determine material properties through the cladding
- Adjust laboratory conditions to imitate inspections under real conditions
- Apply NDE methods in order to investigate if material properties obtained within the surveillance programs correspond to the actual state of the vessel (equivalence of radiation damage accumulation)

- Extending the existing database containing materials data, degradation parameters, progression of the mechanical properties → better understanding of the degradation phenomena
- Providing of an optional procedure to determine the degradation parameters additionally to the standardized methods used for the assessment of LTO
- Equivalence between destructive and nondestructive tests
- Application of NDE to real RPV material (with cladding), not only to Charpy samples
- Inspection of material inhomogeneity
- Combined NDE approach based on electrical methods, ultrasound and micromagnetics in a single software-based tool

Samples and destructive (reference) characterization
Properties of well-defined neutron-irradiated samples



Correlations and trends between NDE and material properties
for laboratory samples



Evaluation and selection of NDE methods
large samples, final evaluation at NDE method level, correlation with reference



Data fusion and validation of the NDE tool
Empirical algorithm → application to and validation on clad material

Provision and reference characterization of materials

WP1: Description and delivery of the sample sets (including cladded material) and irradiation conditions, sample provision, microstructure characterization and determination of the mechanical properties

- Sample set definition, degradation degree, irradiation preparation, microstructure features and mechanical properties
- Results of the reference materials and preparation irradiated materials
- Results of the cladded and laboratory materials

NDE methods development and evaluation

WP2: Nondestructive materials characterization (MC) and evaluation of the progression of the material properties

- NDE results on Charpy samples
- Individual non-destructive evaluation of embrittlement on clad samples
- Effective individual NDE methods for the characterization of neutron irradiation-induced embrittlement of clad material

NDE tool development

WP3: Advanced nondestructive evaluation tool for demonstration of materials characterization

- Method classification and database
- Comparison and selection of measurement techniques
- Demonstration of the tool for advanced non-destructive materials characterization

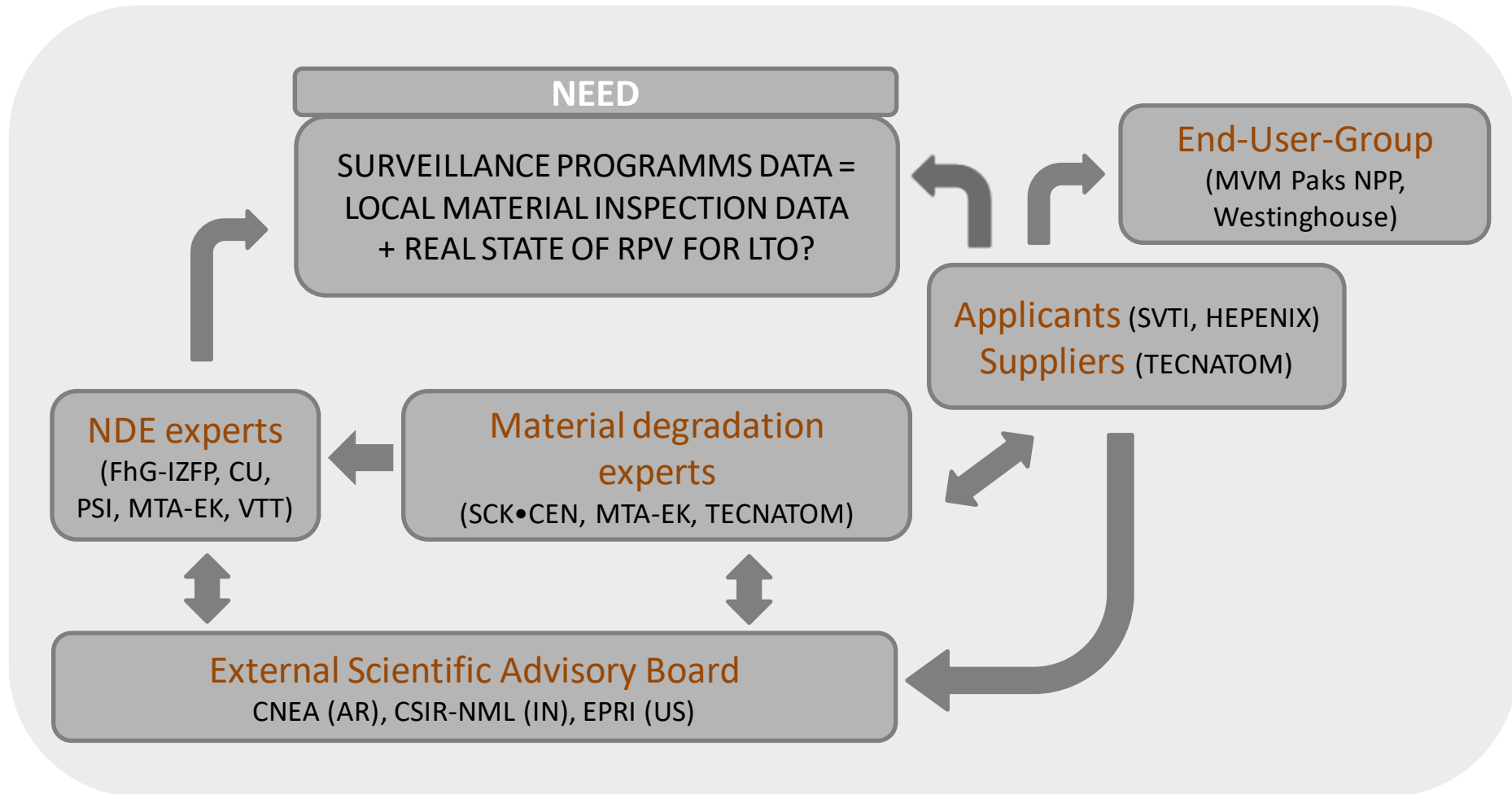
Application & Validation

WP4: Validation = proof of meeting the requirements regarding accuracy and performance; Application = demonstration and optimization of the developed NDE-tool (WP3) under realistic conditions

- Identification of essential parameters and test conditions
- Parametric study
- Demonstration and field recommendation

WP5: Management, Dissemination, Exploitation

- Implementation of management structures
(Project Management Platform)
- Scientific monitoring and outreach to the public
(Plan for the dissemination and exploitation of project results)
- External project communication and networking
(External project website)
- IP Management and exploitation strategy
(Exploitation workshop)
- Valorization of research outcomes



With important stakeholders

- NUGENIA (NUclear GENeration II & III Association)
- SNETP (Sustainable Nuclear Energy Technology Platform)
- IAEA (International Atomic Energy Agency)

With related H2020 Euratom projects

- **ADVISE** (www.advise-h2020.eu)
Advances Inspection of Complex Structures
- **Team-Cables** (www.team-cables.eu)
European Tools and Methodologies for an efficient ageing management of nuclear power plant Cables
- **SOTERIA** (www.soteria-project.eu)
Safe long-term operation of light water reactors based on improved understanding of radiation effects in nuclear structural materials
- **INCEFA+** (www.incefapplus.unican.es)
INcreasing safety in NPPs by Covering gaps in Environmental Fatigue Assessment
- **ATLASplus**
Advanced Structural Integrity Assessment Tools for Safe Long Term Operation

Name	Duration	Coordinator	Related to	Synergies
TeaMCables European Tools and Methodologies for an efficient ageing management of nuclear power plant Cables	2017-2022	EDF, France	WP3 - Tool development	Development of an open access tool for condition diagnosis
ATLASplus Advanced Structural Integrity Assessment Tools for Safe Long Term Operation	2017-2021	VTT, Finland	WP3 - Tool development	Development of a tool for safe LTO
INCEFA+ INcreasing safety in NPPs by Covering gaps in Environmental Fatigue Assessment	2015-2020	WOOD, UK	WP4 - Application & Validation	Development of inspection techniques
SOTERIA Safe LTO of LWRs based on improved understanding of radiation effects in nuclear structural materials	2015-2019	CEA, France	WP1 - Sample sets, irradiation conditions, microstructure characterisation, mechanical properties	Radiation effects flux effect on embrittlement mechanismsInfluence of chemical and microstructural heterogeneities
ADVISE Advanced Inspection of Complex Structures	2017-2021	EDF, France	WP2 - Nondestructive materials characterisation and evaluation of the progression of the material properties	Nondestructive characterisation of complex (macro) structures



<http://www.advise-h2020.eu/>

- Coordinated by EDF - Électricité de France SA (Andreas SCHUMM)
- Funded under the same H2020 EURATOM call NFRP-2016-2017-1 “Continually improving safety and reliability of Generation II and III reactors” as NOMAD
- The objective of ADVISE is to enhance – and in some cases to enable for the first time – the ultrasonic inspection of complex structures materials in order to improve confidence in and reliability of the inspection of Generation II and III reactors.
- Potential synergies for dissemination and training activities:
 - Joint technical workshops
 - Joint mid-term and/or final public workshops

Thank you for your attention!

